

# FIRST SEMESTER

# FINAL EXAM

Student's Name:		
Grade Five (a/b	/ c )	
Teacher's Name:		
Final Mark:	/	_

## <u> Vocabulary</u>

Qι	uestion One: Circle the correct answe	r.
1.	The opposite of "drop off" is	•
	a. pick up	c. deliver
	b. take	d. receive
2.	What does the word "rise" mean?	
	a. bring	c. decrease
	b. increase	d. loose
3.	What does the word "era" mean?	
	a. place	c. age
	b. weather	d. air
4.	The word "wet" is opposite of the word	·
	a. long	c. short
	b. hot	d. dry
5.	The word which means a serious disagre	ement is
	a. conflict	c. peace
	b. refuse	d. calmness
Qı	uestion Two: Fill in the blanks with th	e correct words from the box.
į.	spread – puzzle – deaf – feve	r – storm – extinction
	During the night a great	
2	How does this disease	7
	Recent research on	
	interesting findings about their speech.	
4.	Pandas are on the margin of	·
5.	I can't answer that	; I give up.
<u>Qı</u>	uestion Three: Write sentences.	
1.	sickness:	
2.	smart:	<del>.</del>
3.	deadly:	·
4.	scientist:	

## <u>Reading Comprehension:</u>

Question One: Answer the questions.

Text (1)

#### Read the text below.

Hellen Adams Keller was born on June 27<sup>th</sup>, 1880, in Alabama. When she was born, she could hear and see. At 19 months old, she became sick and couldn't see or hear anymore. She became both deaf and blind. Anne Sullivan taught Hellen to communicate by spelling words into her hand. Keller learned to speak, and spent much of her life giving speeches and lectures. <u>She</u> learned to "hear" people's speech by reading their lips with her hands. Keller wrote 12 books and several articles. Queen ants can

1.	Where was Hellen Keller born?
2.	When was Hellen Keller born?
3.	Who taught Hellen to communicate?
4.	How did Hellen hear people's speech?
5	The under lined propoun "she" refers to

#### **Question Two: Decide whether the sentences are true or false.**

Sentences	True	False
1. When Hellen was born, she couldn't hear or see.		
2. Hellen Keller was <b>only</b> deaf.		
3. Hellen wrote books and articles.		
4. Hellen wrote twenty books.		

#### Text (2)

#### Read the text below.

Sammy won the lottery. He was so happy. He jumped up and down. "I won the lottery! I'm rich! Life is great!" he yelled. He checked the numbers online again: 2, 22, 3, 33, 4, and 44. Yes, those were the winning numbers. Yes, those were the numbers on his ticket. The Mega number was 44. The Mega number on his ticket was 44. He was so rich! His ticket was worth \$41 million. He was going to buy a new house. He was going to buy a new car. He was going to buy a new boat. He took his ticket to the store. He showed it to the clerk. "I won! I won!" he told the clerk. The clerk checked the numbers. "You won! You won!" he said. Then the clerk ran out of the store with Sammy's ticket.

Why was Sammy happy?
How much was his ticket worth?
What was Sammy going to do with the money?
Who took Sammy's ticket?

# ○Use of the Language:

Question One: Circle the correct answ	ver	WE
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1.	We don't have <i>much / many</i> bread.
2.	Did <i>much / many</i> students fail the examination?
3.	Less/Fewer people are in line for this movie than I was expecting.
4.	It would have taken <i>less/fewer</i> time to set up the party if we had been more
	organized.
5.	Reema: Shall / Will I show you how to use the camera?
	Jack: Yes. Please!
6.	Shall / Will you help me with my homework, please?
	Lestion Two: Combine the sentences below using <u>so</u> or <u>because</u> .  I am tired. (so)  I didn't sleep well last night.
2.	Rosa wasn't careful. (because) Rosa fell off the bike.
3.	The room is still messy. (because)  I didn't clean it.

# **Question Three:** Fill in the blanks using present continuous or past continuous.

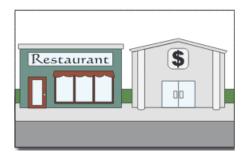
1.	At the moment, the children (bake) cake.
2.	She (surf) when the shark attacked her.
3.	Suzan (travel) to Turkey next week.
4.	Mom (cook) when I arrived.
5.	I (lead) the horses to drink water right now.
6.	My friend (visit) me tomorrow.
<u>Qι</u>	estion Four: Rewrite the sentences using while/ when.
1.	He was playing football. He broke his leg.
	when
2.	The telephone rang. I was talking to Stephen.
	While
<u>Qι</u>	estion Five: Complete the sentences using the correct pronoun.
- · ! !	Someone – nothing – no one – anything - something
1.	James called his friend, butanswered the phone.
2.	Let's get to eat after our class.
3.	Did you hear that? I think rang the doorbell.
4.	Does want to go to the library?
5.	Would you like to drink?
6.	could be gained by remaining still.

#### Question Six: Circle the correct preposition.

in – on – at

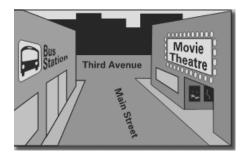
- 1. I finish work early *in / on / at* Thursdays.
- 2. The meeting is going to start *in* / *on* / *at* 10:00 am *in* / *on* / *at* the morning.
- 3. It is dangerous to go out *in / on / at* night.
- 4. King Hussein was born in / on / at November 14<sup>th</sup>.
- **5.** We usually travel to Paris *in / on / at* summer.
- **6.** We always go to the gym *in / on / at* Friday morning

#### Question Seven: Fill in the blanks with the correct word.



**Ellen:** Where is the restaurant?

Jack: It is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the bank.



**Rosa:** Where is the movie theater?

**Toni:** It is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the bus station.

#### **Question Eight:** Circle the correct answer.

- 1. Students *must / must not* run in the corridors.
- 2. When I was 2 years old, I *couldn't / shouldn't* ride a bike.
- **3.** You *must / must not* pay attention in class.
- 4. When Rick was 12, he could / should play chess.
- 5. What *could / should* I do when I go to London?